

SM06&SX06&SM15

User Manual

Table of Contents

1. Information.....	2
1.1. Characteristics.....	2
1.2. Applications.....	2
2. Specifications.....	3
2.1. Model: SM06.....	3
2.2. Model: SX06.....	4
2.3. Model: SM15.....	5
3. connection diagram.....	6
4. Software operation.....	9
4.1. Download address.....	9
4.2. Operating instructions.....	10
4.2.1. Connecting equipment.....	10
4.2.2. Connect computers.....	12
4.2.3. Inventory demonstration.....	15
4.2.4. Simple setting.....	16
4.2.5. Advanced settings.....	18
4.2.6. Read and write operations.....	21

1. Information

1.1. Characteristics

- Support ISO18000-6C(EPC C1G2) protocol tag;
- 860~960MHz frequency band;
- USB HID drive free;
- Support virtual keyboard and serial port;
- Working voltage: USB interface or +5V power supply;
- Working current: < 200mA
- Reading distance range: model SM02> 0.2 metre
- Interface support:

Model: SX06/SM06/SM15---RS232、RS485 and Wigan

Model: SX06U/SM06U/SM15U---USB interface, RS485 and Wigan

Model: SX06N/SM06N/SM15N---TCPIP and Wigan

1.2. Applications

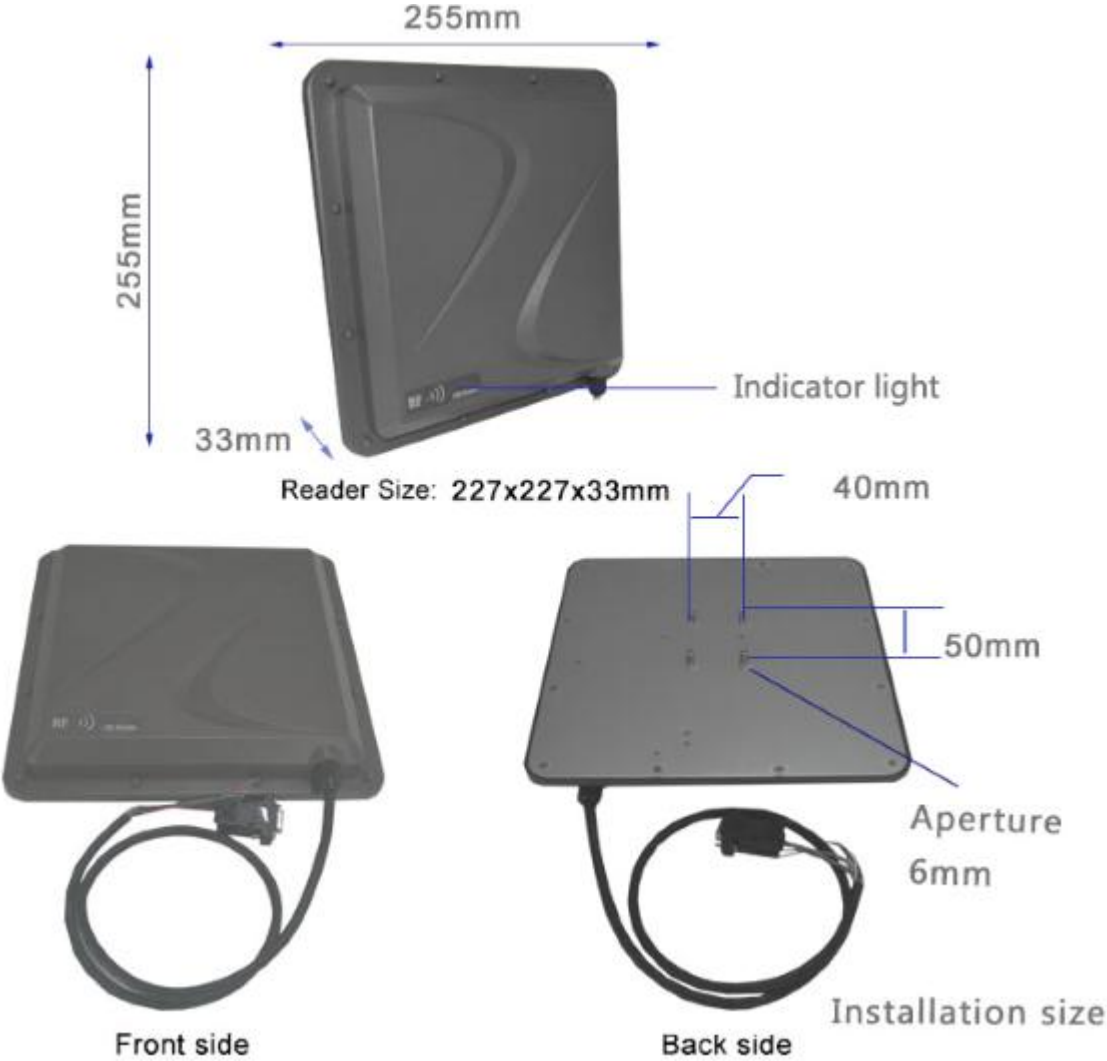
- Logistics and warehouse management: goods flow, warehouse management and the flowing management of mail, parcels and luggage
- Intelligent parking management: parking management and automatic charges
- Productive lines management: production process fixed identify
- Product counterfeit-proof inspection: using memory's write-protect functions inside tags and identifying with true-false of products
- Other fields: used widely in club management, libraries, students schools, consumption management, time management, dinner management and pool management

2. Specifications

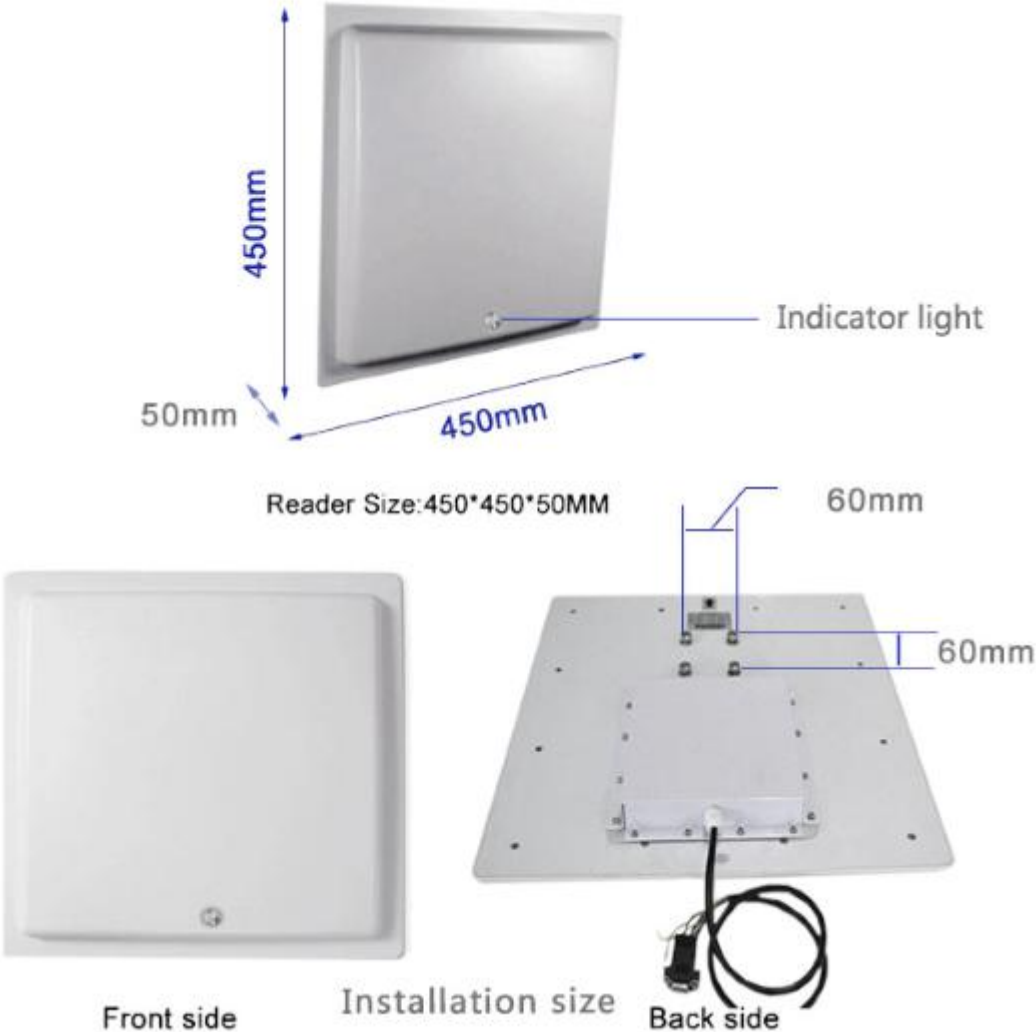
2.1. Model: SM06



2.2. Model: SX06



2.3.Model: SM15



3. connection diagram

SM06



485communication



Wiggins communication



SM06 Wiring diagram



1. red	DC+9~16V	2. black	0V
3. brown	TXD (DB9-2pin)	4. yellow	RXD (DB9-3pin)
5. blue	GND (DB9-5pin)	6. gray	TRIGGER
7. white	DATA1	8. green	DATA0
9. orange	RS485R+	10. purple	RS485-

SX06



485communication



Wiggins communication



Wiring diagram



1. red	DC+9~16V	2. black	0V
3. brown	TXD (DB9-2pin)	4. yellow	RXD (DB9-3pin)
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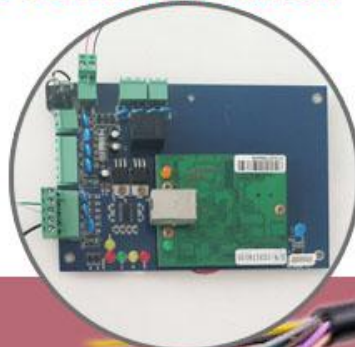
SM15



485communication



Wiggins communication



Wiring diagram



1. red	DC+9~16V	2. black	0V
3. brown	TXD (DB9-2pin)	4. yellow	RXD (DB9-3pin)
5. blue	GND (DB9-5pin)	6. gray	TRIGGER
7. white	DATA1	8. green	DATA0
9. orange	RS485R+	10. purple	RS485-

4. Software operation

4.1. Download address



<http://www.uhfsky.com>

NOTE:

- ① At present, the software only supports WINDOWS and Android.
- ② When setting software parameters, do not place RFID tags within the equipment identification range, otherwise the setting will fail.
- ③ Use keyboard to output rfid tag number type reference: for example

The same number of different forms of expression:

Decimal number (Dec) =123456

Hexadecimal number (Hex)=1E240

Weigand number =001, 57920 (Break the hexadecimal value 1E240 into decimal numbers 001, 57920)

If the output length is not enough, it can be set by adding 0 in front..

4.2. Operating instructions

4.2.1. Connecting equipment

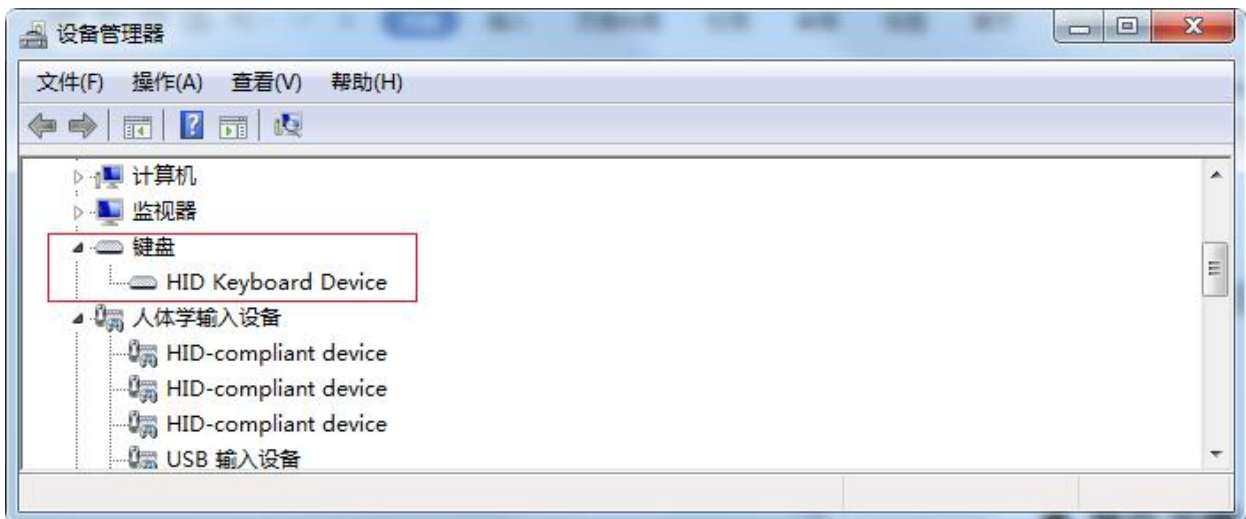
There are three ways to connect devices: USB connection-serial port connection-network port connection.

①USB connection

Plug the device into the USB interface of the computer and the following message pops up:



Then open the device manager of the computer, and there will be one more device in the keyboard option. As follows:.



This indicates that the computer has been successfully connected. Now, online operation is started.

②Serial port connection

SM series has RS232 or RS485 serial ports. If the computer has RS485 port or RS232 port, it can be directly connected to this equipment. If not, RS485 port should be converted into RS232 port or USB port, or RS232 port should be converted into USB port. As shown in figure:



When the converter is connected and plugged into the computer, the computer will remind you that you need to install the driver and install the driver according to the instructions. At this time, the computer will have an extra serial port interface, as shown in the figure:



When you unplug the converter, the serial port will disappear.

If the computer has its own serial port, it can be used directly without installing the driver.

③ Network port connection


The network interface is divided into wired connection and wireless connection (WIFI connection).


Wired connection is relatively simple, which can be directly connected with the computer by network cable or indirectly connected with the computer by router.

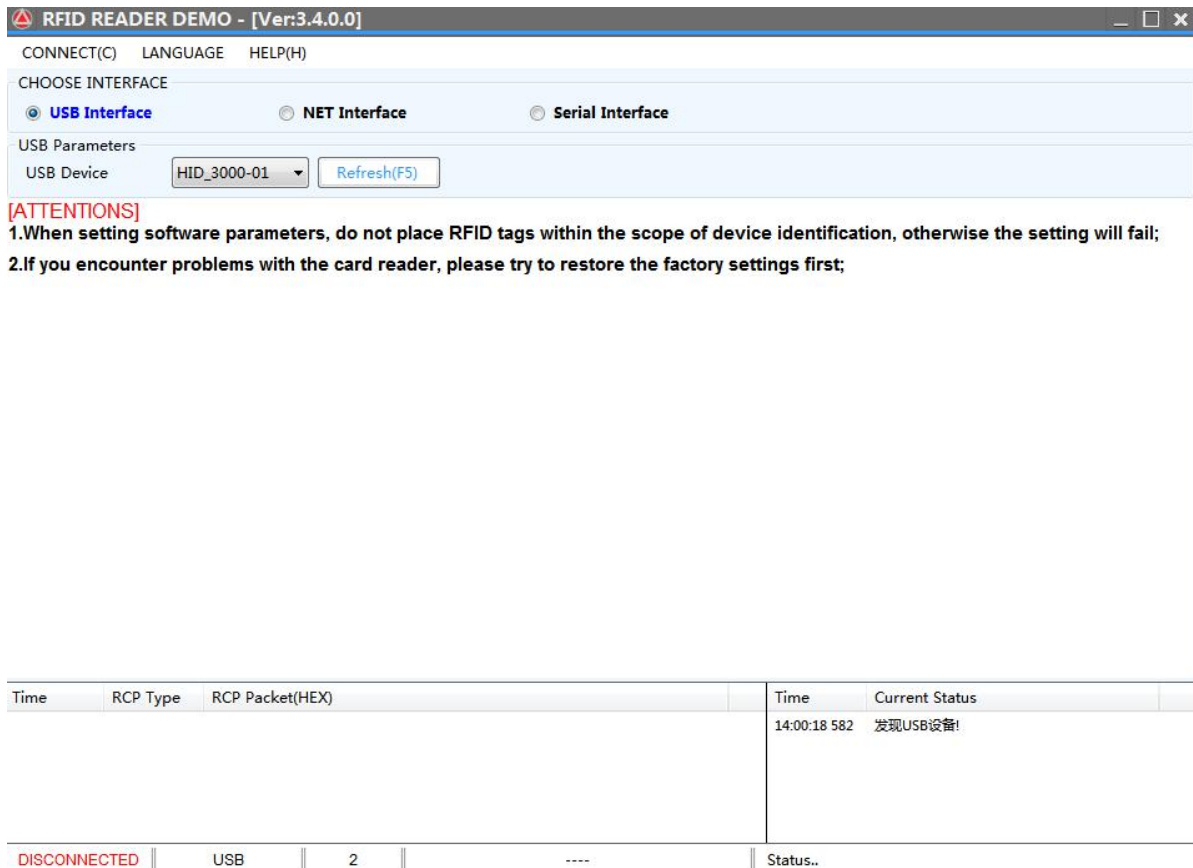
Operation steps of the computer to which the WIFI device is connected:

1. prepare a computer with WIFI signal.
2. WIFI devices have a reset button, and press it for 5 seconds. After releasing it, use the computer to search the WIFI network, find the WIFI network name of the device, and click Connect.

4.2.2. Connect computers


After downloading and decompressing the software, , Open the file and

double-click the software icon , The following main interface appears:



There are three communication parameter configurations: USB Interface---serial Interface---net Interface. The parameter configuration of each interface is different, so you can connect to the computer only by choosing the correct configuration.

①USB Interface:

Select USB communication  after confirming that the USB device is plugged in, As shown in the figure:



If the USB device is empty, please confirm whether the usb cable is plugged in again, and then press the button or F5.

Select the USB device and click the "CONNECT" button .

②Serial Interface:

After confirming that the converter is installed, select the network port for communication **Serial Interface** ,As shown in the figure:

CHOOSE INTERFACE

USB Interface **NET Interface** **Serial Interface**

Serial Parameters

PortName: BaudRate: Auto Switch

Select the serial port that appeared when the converter was installed before, the baud rate is 57600 by default, and click the "CONNECT" button.

③NET Interface:

After confirming the network connection (including wired network and wireless network), select the network port for communication **NET Interface** ,As shown in the figure:

CHOOSE INTERFACE

USB Interface **NET Interface** **Serial Interface**

NET Parameters

Device IP: Device Port:

Here, select the correct remote IP address and remote IP port of the equipment (by default, the computer is the customer service terminal, this equipment is the server, and TCP/IP protocol), and click the "Network Diagnosis" button. If the connection is correct, the success sign will be displayed in the status bar, as shown in the figure:

Time	Current Status
14:11:15 148	PING:192.168.2.115 Success

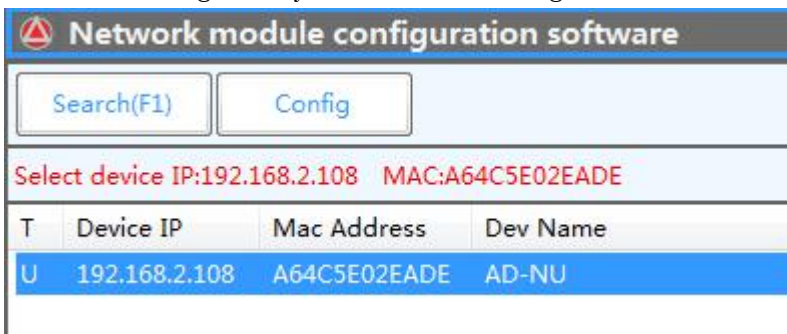
This indicates that the connection has been successful.

Time	Current Status
14:11:31 899	PING:192.168.2.115 TimedOut

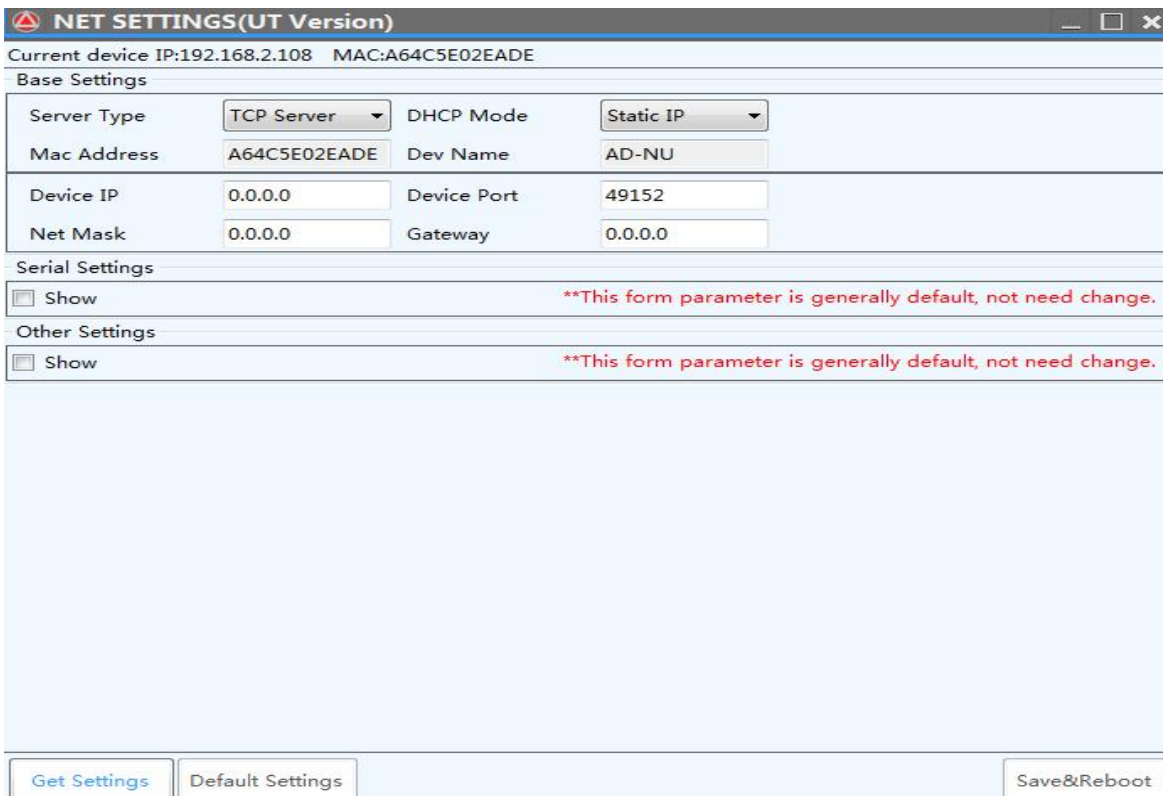
This means that it has timed out and the connection failed.

Reason for connection failure:

1. The network is not connected correctly, so the network cannot be used.
2. If the IP address or port of the device is wrong, click the "Search Device" button to find out the IP address and port of the connected device, or reconfigure the network parameters of the device, such as IP address, TCPIP, UDPIP, gateway, etc. When setting the IP address, make sure that you can't have the same IP address in the same gateway. As shown in figure:



Click the "Search" button to search all online devices. You can select the equipment you want to set it up.

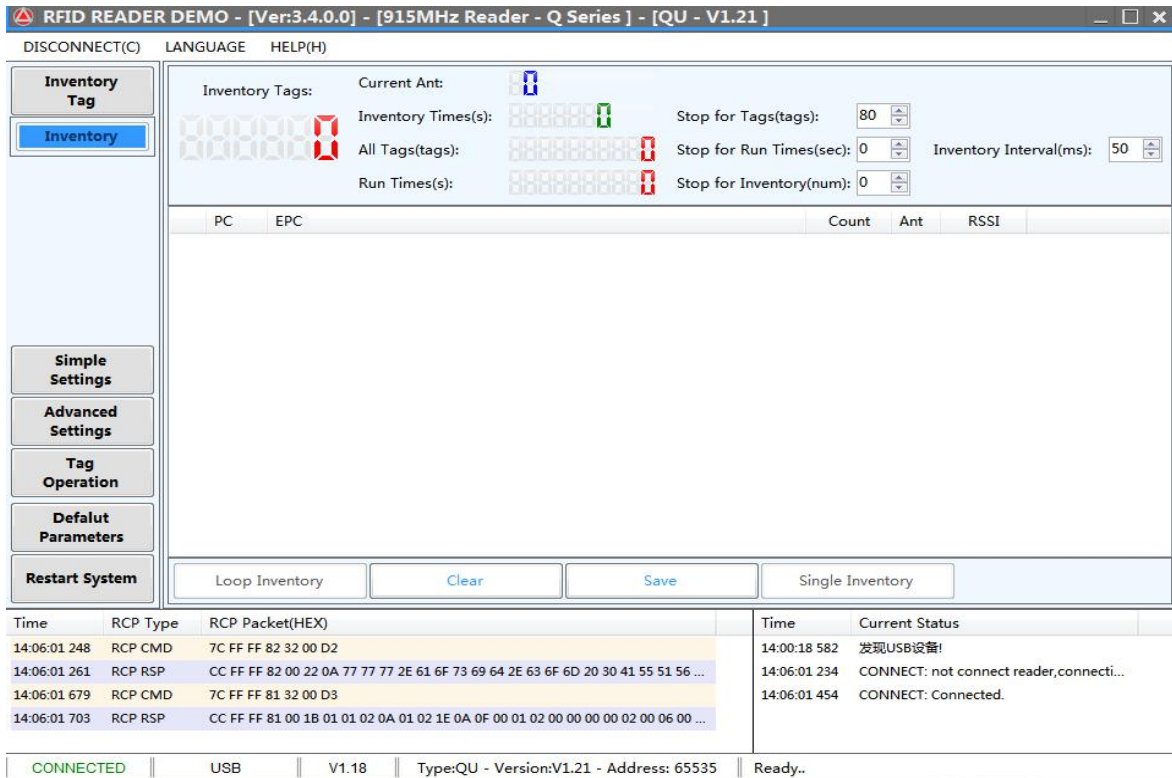


④CONNECT:

After configuring the communication mode, click the "CONNECT" button in the upper left corner, and four sub-function buttons can be operated on the back side after online:

Inventory Tag---Simple settings---advanced settings---Tag Operation---Default Parameters---restart system.

As shown in the figure:



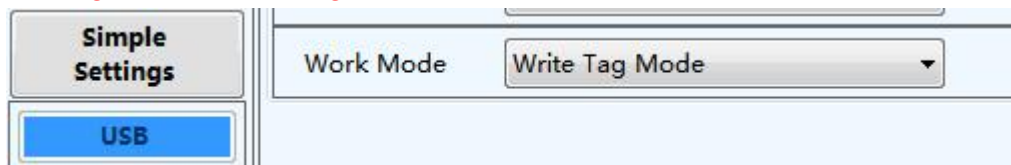
4.2.3. Inventory demonstration

①After the system is connect, the Inventory Tag interface appears directly, as shown in the above figure:

②Put the RFID tag within the recognizable range of the equipment.

③Click the "Loop Inventory" button, and the label information will be displayed in the text box soon.

Note: USB desktop card issuer can only use this function if its working mode is set to data writing. As shown in figure:



4.2.4. Simple setting

Simple setting is a simple operation for users who have low requirements on data processing or don't know much about software. If there are higher requirements or more professional users, please use "Advanced Setting". Click the "Simple Settings" button on the left, as follows:

Different simple configurations corresponding to different communication methods

No.:	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
EPC data(hex):	E2	00	00	1D	62	07	01	49	27	20	7F	22
	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
TID data(hex):	E2	00	34	12	01	2F	F0	00	0A	25	69	62

①Description of simple parameters of USB communication:

1. transmission power: range (0-30DBM), corresponding to the distance (non-linear) of RFID tag of equipment.
2. Working modes: There are three modes: data writing mode, EPC data reading mode

and TID data reading mode.

write tag mode: select this mode when writing data to a single label. After entering this mode, the equipment will enter the command state and will not actively identify labels (this mode can use the "inventory demonstration" function).

read tag mode: when this mode is selected, the equipment will automatically identify the label and output the data according to the set data output format.

TID visual keyboard mode: this mode adds the function of TID number output on the basis of EPC data reading mode. EPC+TID number output or TID output can be selected.

When the latter two working modes are selected, the data output format setting interface will pop up.

Out Mode: When you choose to disable the virtual keyboard, you can detect whether the output data is correct, while when you choose to enable the virtual keyboard, you can output data at the cursor position or in the text file like a keyboard.

NO.: represents the order of EPC numbers

Hex Tag (EPC) code: data representing EPC number, which can be modified in the box. The three numbers with black bottom in front represent data to be output to USB port. The length and position can be adjusted from the following option, and the final number will appear in the last line.

Change the position: adjust the length and position of the output part of EPC number

Choose the format: there are decimal, hexadecimal and standard Wigan, and there are more output formats in Advanced Configuration.

Change the length: the fixed length of the output data; if it is less than the length, add 0 before it; if it is greater, it will be discarded.

Output data : reference of output data of virtual keyboard after setting the previous parameters.

The software can intelligently and freely combine different output formats, such as decimal and hexadecimal data, and the output data is the last line.

②Simple parameter description of serial communication:

Basic Parameters Settings	
Out Power	30dBm The nonlinear relationship between power and distance can be adjusted as needed
Work Mode	Read Tag(Epc) Mode
Out Mode:	WG26
No.:	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12
EPC data(hex):	E2 00 00 1B 23 02 01 06 02 60 4F 85
Select location:	<input type="button" value="Move Left"/> <input type="button" value="Move Right"/>
GPIO Control	
Trigger Mode	00-Disabled Do not use IO input function

1. transmission power: refer to the description of simple parameters of USB communication.
2. Working mode: refer to the description of simple parameters of USB communication.
3. Function selection: There are six choices in total. The first two items communicate according to our underlying protocol, and different communication methods choose corresponding communication functions. The last four items are standard Wigan output settings, including WG26, WG34, WG66 and WG98.

When the last four items are selected, the Wigan data output format setting interface will pop up.

NO.: represents the order of EPC numbers

EPC data: data representing EPC number. The number in black represents Wigan data to be output. The position can be adjusted from the following option.

Select location: the position of the output data can be adjusted left or right.

4. Trigger mode: The equipment can only be triggered when the set conditions are met.

③ **Simple parameter description of network port communication:** Refer to the simple parameter description of serial communication.

4.2.5. Advanced settings

Advanced settings have higher professional knowledge for users. Please consult customer service staff if you are unclear. Click the "Advanced Settings" button on the left, and there are three submenus, namely, basic ---RF ---Else
As shown in figure:

DISCONNECT(C) LANGUAGE HELP(H)

Inventory Tag Simple Settings Advanced Settings Basic RF Else Tag Operation Defalut Parameters Restart System	Basic Parameters Settings						
	Output Mode	RS485(RS23:)	Work Mode	Active	Same ID interval	1	*0.5s
	Buzzer	Output only					
	Auto Read Type	6C	Auto Read Interval	10	*10ms	Auto Read Delay	1 s
	Device Id						
	Device Id	002500110444733F00000CA8					
	RS485 Protocol Address Settings						
	Address	65535					
	<input type="button" value="Get"/> <input type="button" value="Set"/> <input type="button" value="Default"/>						

① Description of setting basic parameters:

Output Mode: select the communication mode between this equipment and external equipment.

Working mode:

Command mode (the equipment can work only when it sends a command without actively reading the card.)

Active mode (the device reads the card actively, works when it is powered on, and sends data to the communication interface)

Passive mode (the device reads the card actively, works when it is powered on, does not send data to the communication interface, and needs to send commands to receive data)

Same ID interval: the time interval for uploading the same tag data

Buzzer: it can be turned on or off

Auto read type: the type of output label data, which can be EPC number or TID number.

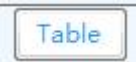
Auto read interval: the interval between reading label data twice

Auto read delay: the time to delay sending the tag data to the communication interface after reading it

Device ID: the unique ID number of each equipment, which cannot be modified

Address: the address used for RS485 communication

②Description of setting RF parameters::

Regional Standards: Each country has its own corresponding standards for the restrictions on the use of RFID UHF band. American standards and European standards are usually used. Click this button  to select the frequency to be scanned. When one frequency is selected for scanning, the frequency is fixed, and when multiple frequencies are selected for scanning, it is frequency hopping. As shown in figure:

区域标准	USA	Table	新射频规范	USA	原射频规范 (待设置规范)	USA
	Num.	Frequency		Num.	Frequency	
	0	902.250 MHz		0	902.250 MHz	
	1	902.750 MHz				
	2	903.250 MHz				
	3	903.750 MHz				
	4	904.250 MHz				
	All >>			Clear		

Tx Power: The range of transmission power (0-30DBM) corresponds to the distance (non-linear) of RFID tag of equipment.

RF Modulation Settings: This is the modulation and de-calling of tag inventory signal, which is usually selected by default.

③Description of setting else parameters:

There are four options to open the Other Parameters menu, which are:

Data Output format setting --GPIO setting -- Encryption setting--Extended setting Meet various customized functions of users.

4.2.6. Read and write operations

Click the "Tag operation" button on the left, and there are three submenus, namely, Simple Write-Advanced Write-Copy TID

As shown in figure:

Inventory Tag	OLD EPC	PC	NEW EPC	USE TIME(...)	Count								
Simple Settings													
Advanced Settings													
Tag Operation													
Simple Write													
Advanced Write													
Copy TID													
	No.:	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
	EPC data(hex):	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00
	Incremented mode:	Auto increment		Incremented step: 1									
	Choose the format:	Hex											
	Select location:	From	1	To	2	Move Left		Move Right					
	Input data:	00-00		Increment		Decrement							
Default Parameters	Start		Stop		Default		no tag		Export(txt)		Clear		
Restart System													

①Description of setting Simple Write:

This function is specially set for writing label data quickly, and it may be very intuitive to set the data you want to write.

No.: represents the sequence of EPC numbers

EPC data(hex): this line of data is the EPC number to be written into the label. Among them, the two numbers in the front black box represent the position where the data is to be written (the length and position can be adjusted from the following option), and the number in the back white box is fixed and can be modified at will.

Incremented mode: increment and decrement, and the increment number is in the back column.

Choose the format: decimal, hexadecimal and standard Wigan

Select location: adjust the length and location of data input into EPC number

Input data: enter the data you want to write into the variable EPC number here, and the unchanged data can be directly modified in the white box in the line of EPC number above.

②**Description of setting Advanced Write:**

This function can read and write more complex tags, such as accessing four blocks of tags, setting encryption and destruction of tags, etc., and operate carefully.

③**Description of setting Copy TID:**

This function is to directly copy the TID number of the tag into the EPC block data and turn it into an EPC number.